



# Fast Sphere Packing with Adaptive Grids on the GPU

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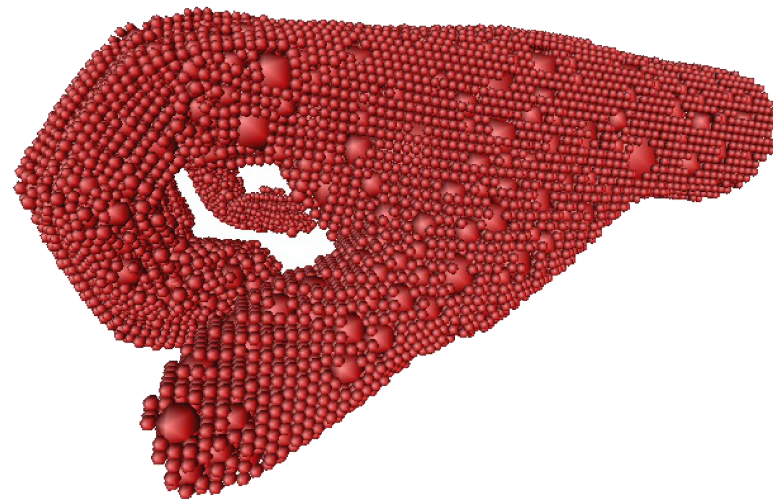
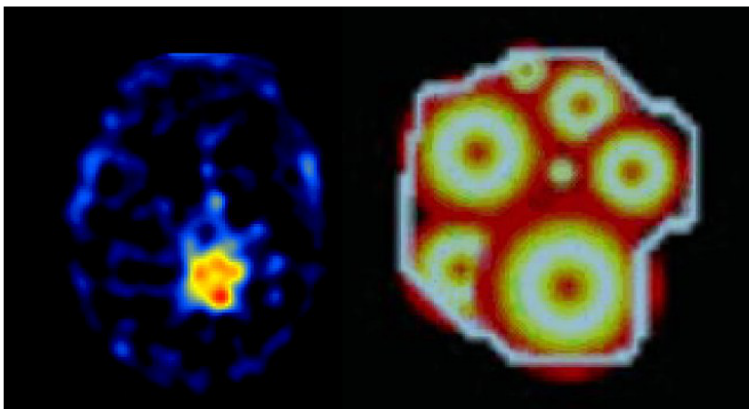
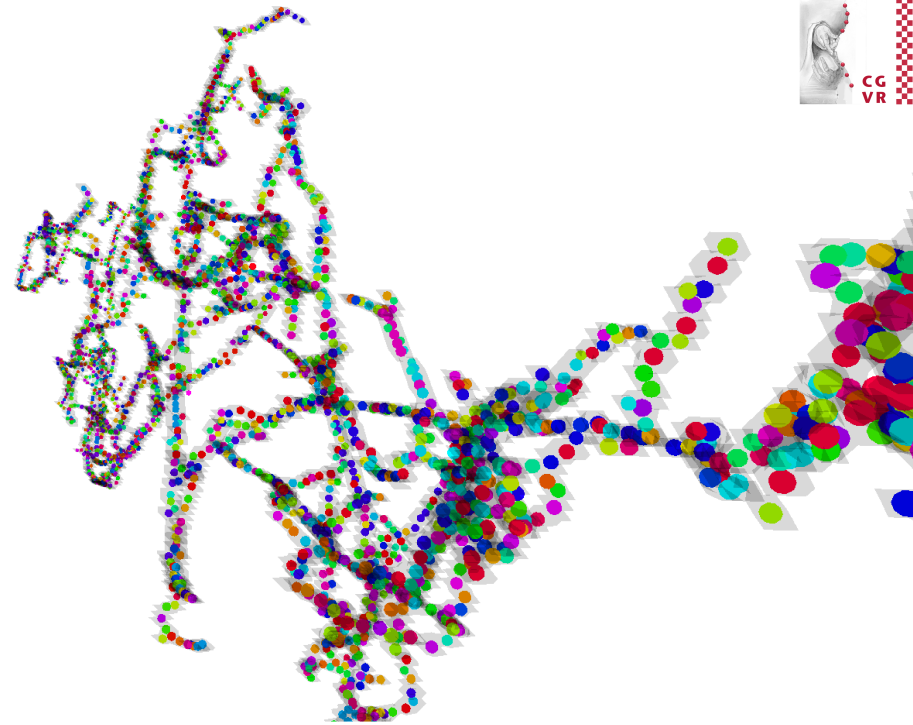
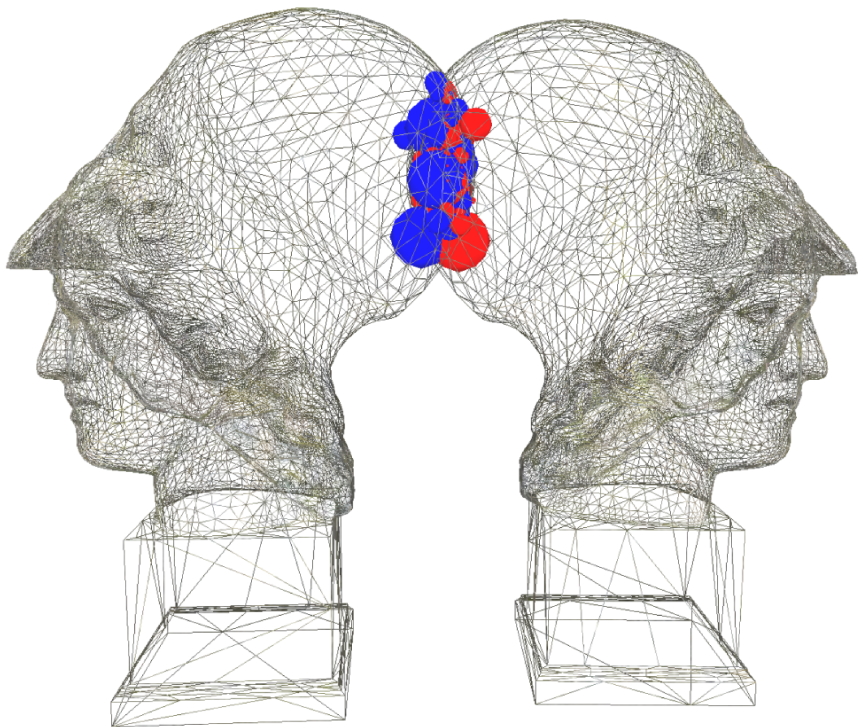
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*GI VR/AR '13, Sep 2013, Würzburg, Germany*



# Motivation



Protosphere Recap

Explicit Grid

Implicit Grid

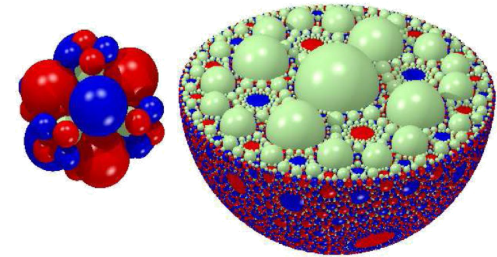
Adaptive Grid Storage

Hybrid Grid

Results



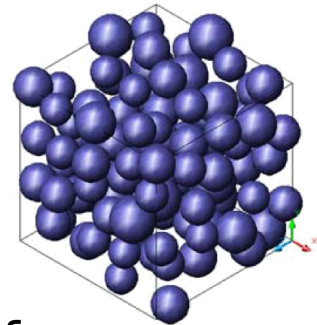
# Previous Work



- Dense packings
  - H.J. Herrmann, R. Makmoodi Baram and M. Wackenhut, 2006

- Fractal Properties of Dense Packing of Spherical Particles

- Adil Amirjanov and Konstantin Sobolev, 2006

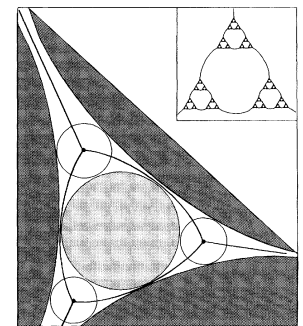


- Three-Dimensional Apollonian Packing as a Model for Dense Granular Systems

- V. Anishchik and N. N. Medvedev, 1995

- Protosphere: A GPU-Assisted Prototype Guided Sphere Packing Algorithm for Arbitrary Objects

- R. Weller and G. Zachmann, 2010

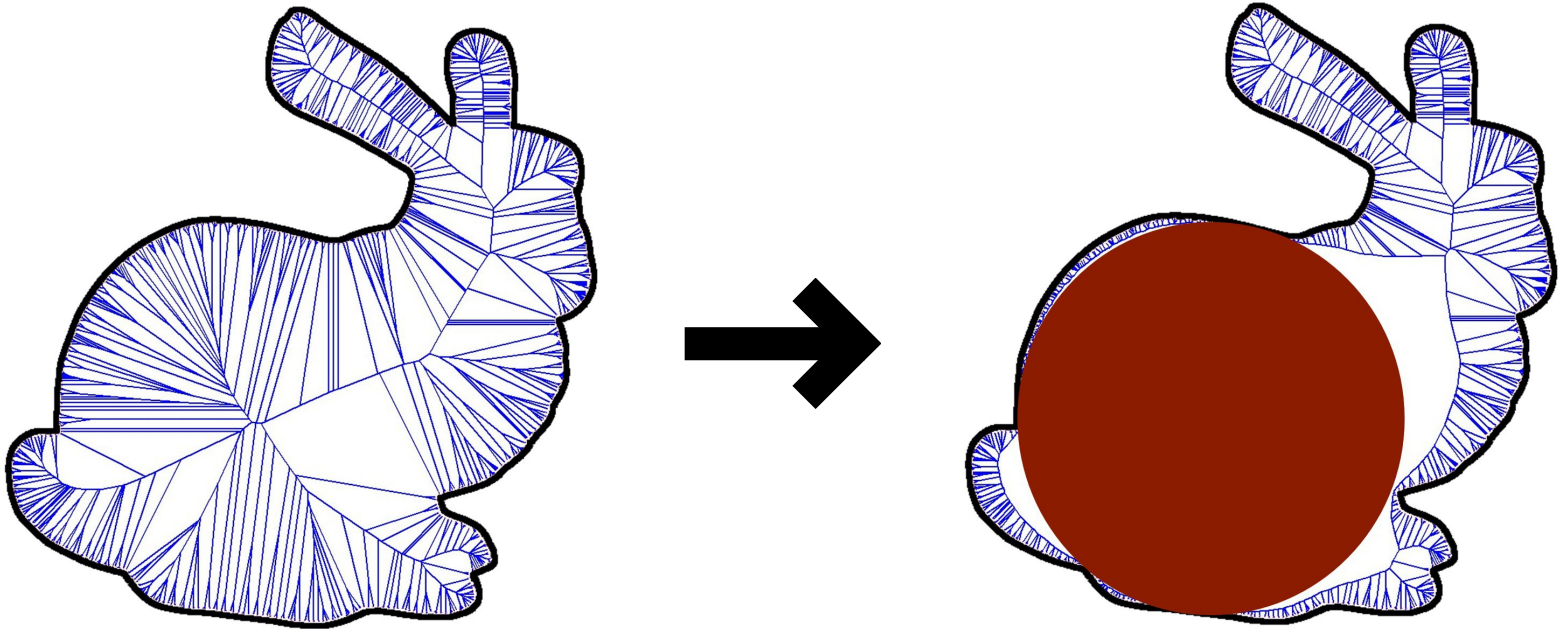




# Protosphere Recap



- A greedy approximation of Voronoi nodes

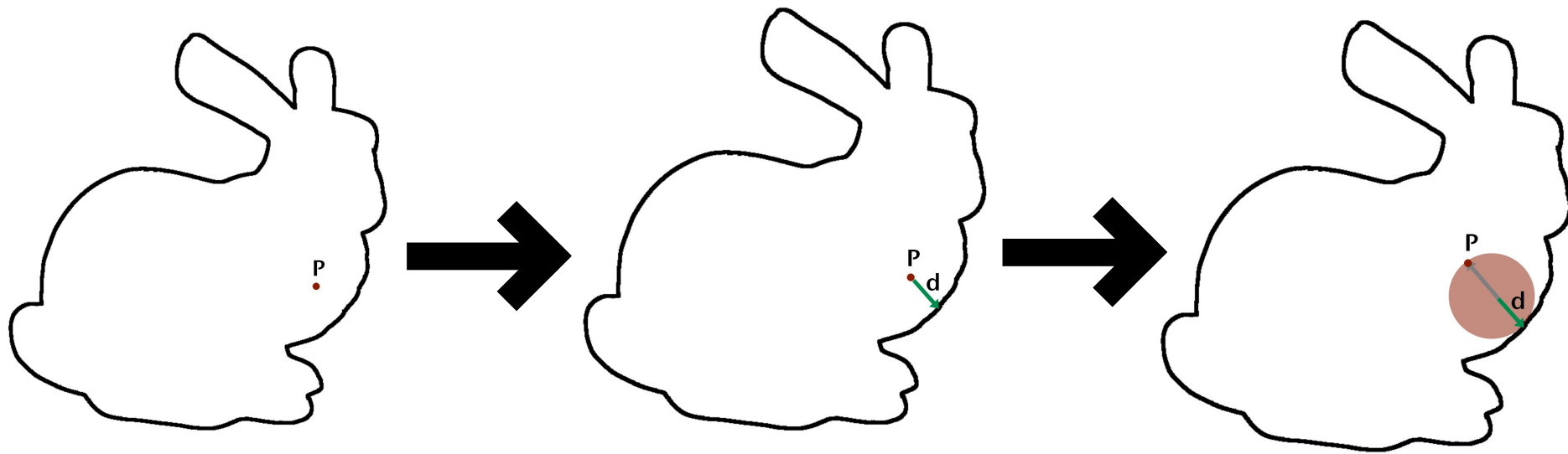




# Protosphere Recap



- Method:
  - 1) Place Prototype inside object
  - 2) Find closest point on objects hull
  - 3) Move prototype away from closest point

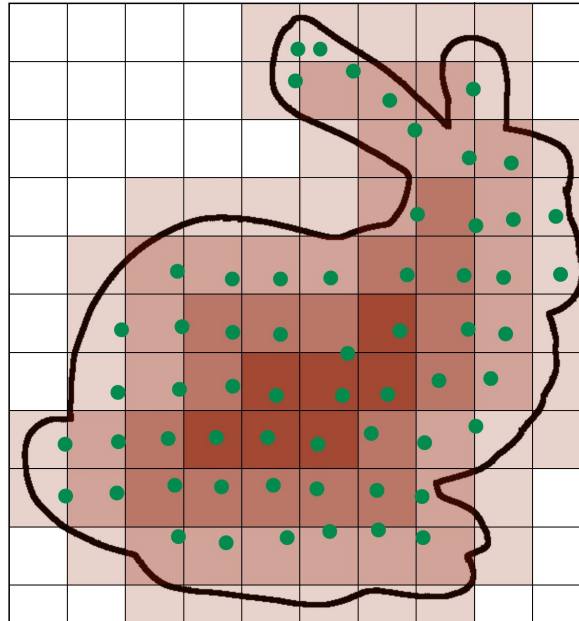




# Protosphere Recap



- Parallisation: Uniform Grid



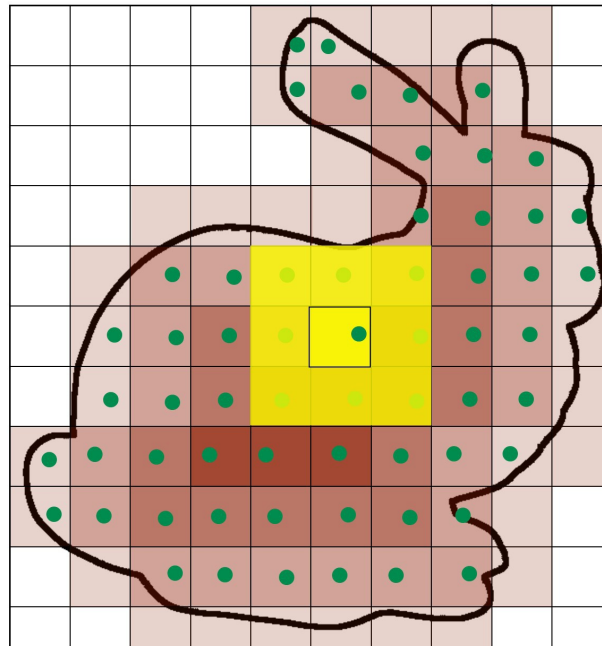
- Every cell stores:
  - References to all triangles intersecting it
  - References to all spheres intersecting it
  - Discrete distance to the next cell with triangles or spheres



# Protosphere Recap



- Naiv parallelisation: one core for every prototype
- Actual parallelisation: one core for every cell in the discrete distance to each prototype

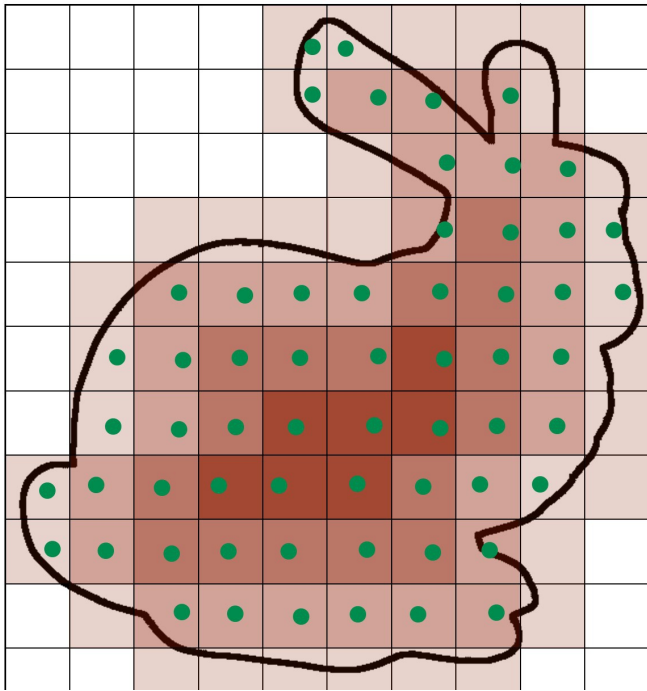




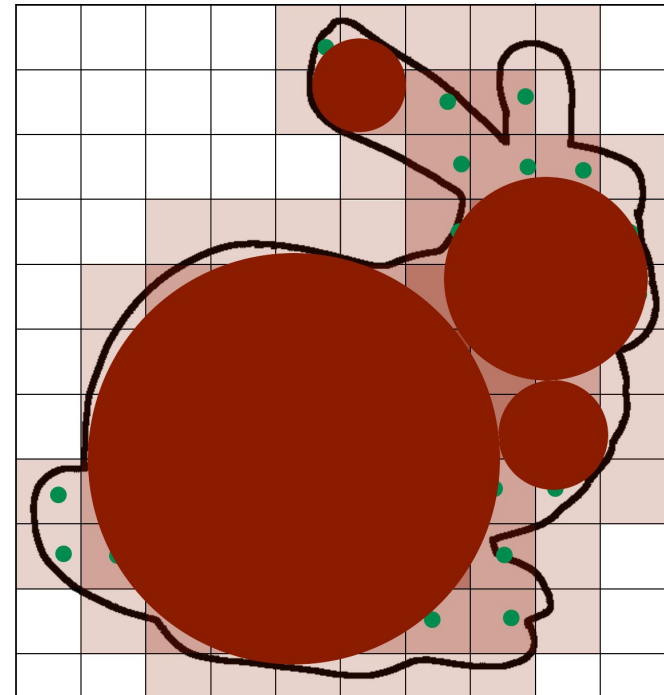
# Protosphere Recap



Starting efficiency low (many Prototypes but few new spheres)



Fill rate at the end depends on predefined resolution



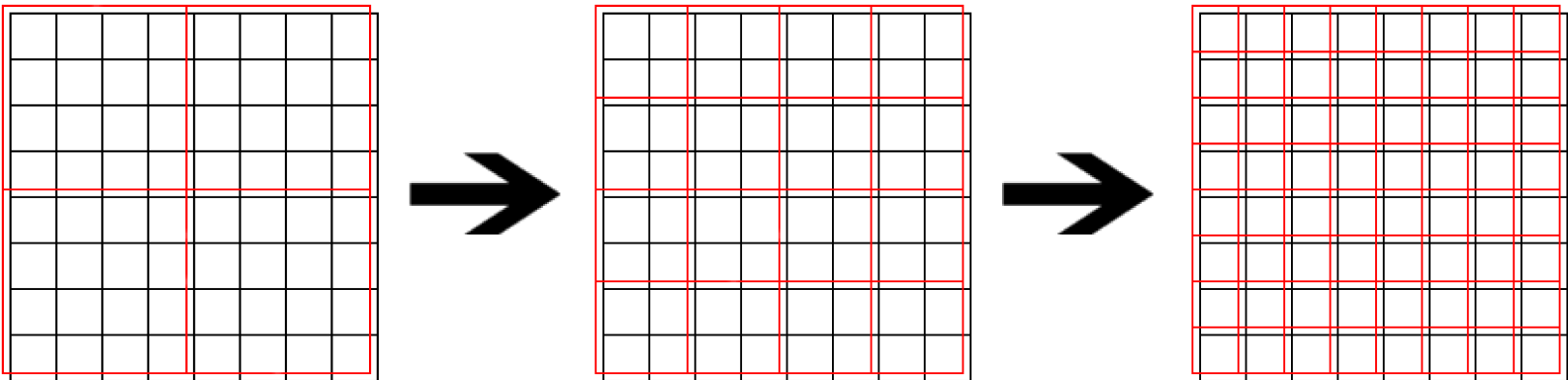




# Implicit Grid Refinement



- We need: coarse grid at the start, fine grid at the end
- Idea:
  - Split every cell periodically into  $2^n$  new cells
  - decouple the prototypes from the triangle data

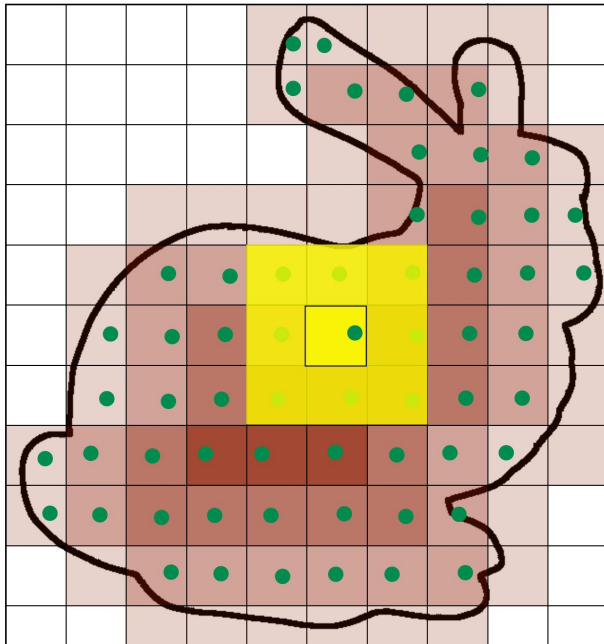




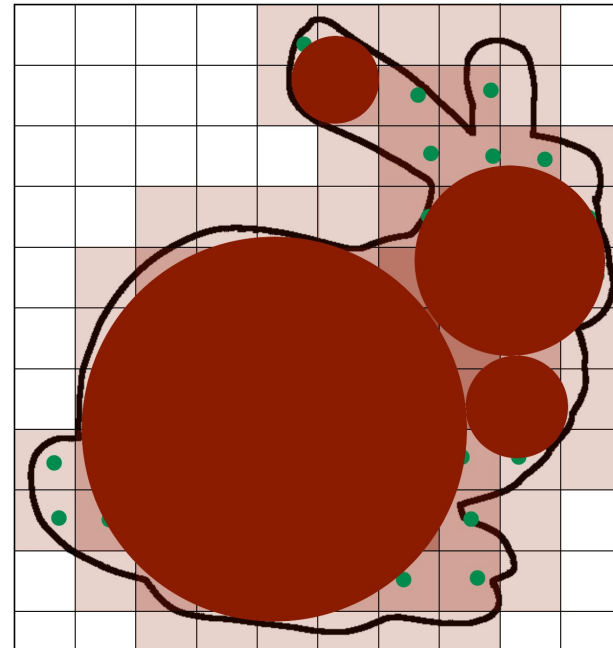
# Implicit Grid Refinement



Higher degree of  
parallelisation



Predefined maximal grid  
resolution

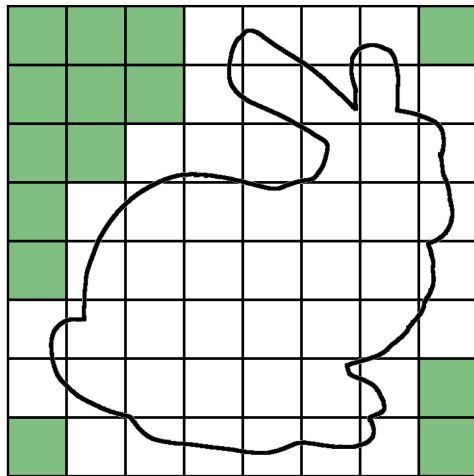




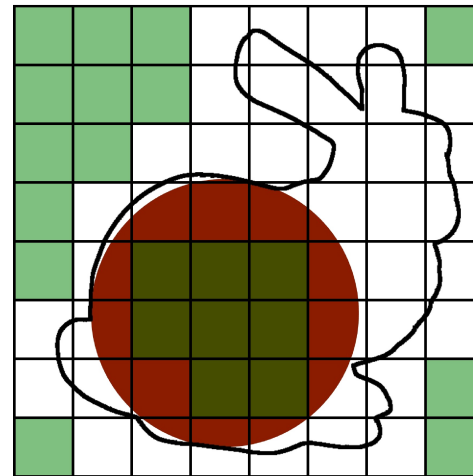
# Adaptive Grid Storage



- End performance depends on fine grids
- Fine grids need a lot of memory
- Idea: save only cells inside or on the border of the object



~22% outside



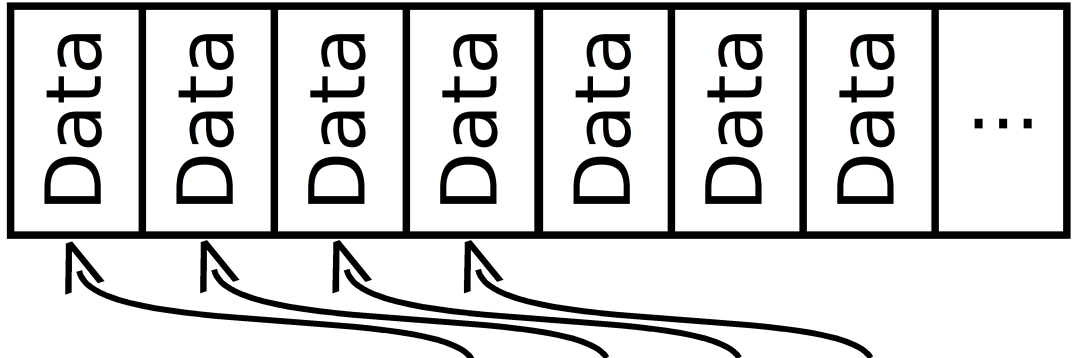
~34% outside



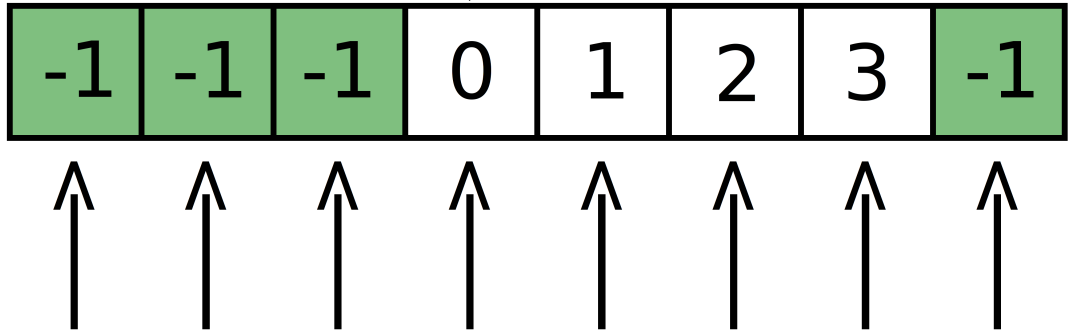
# Adaptive Grid Storage



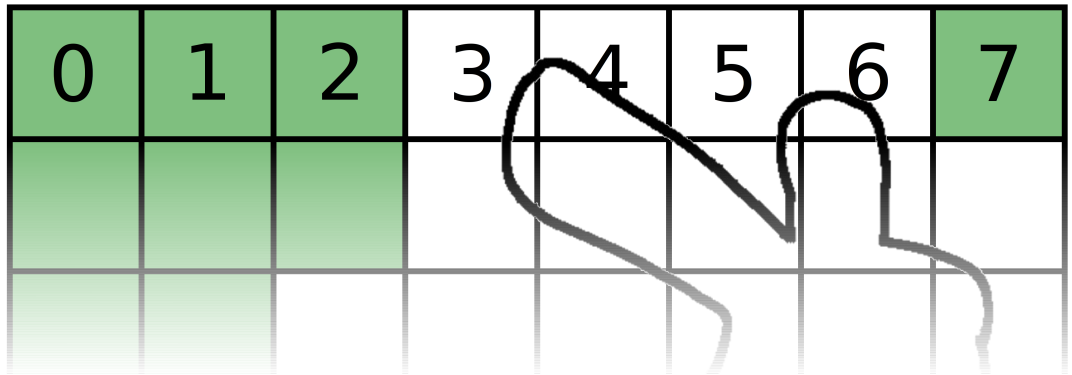
• Working Array:



• Address Array:



• Index in the grid:

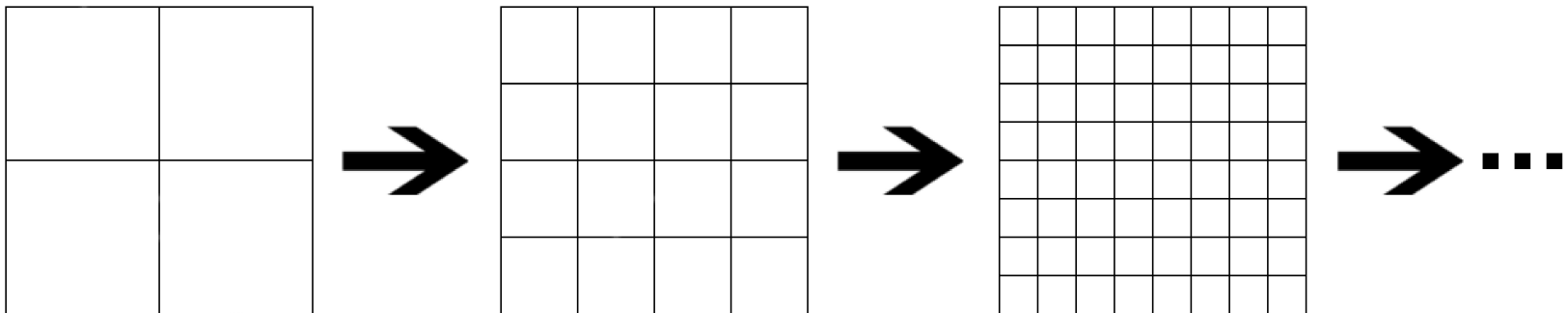




# Explicit Grid Refinement



- We need: refine the grid while packing the object
- Idea: Split every cell in the data grid periodically into  $2^n$  new cells

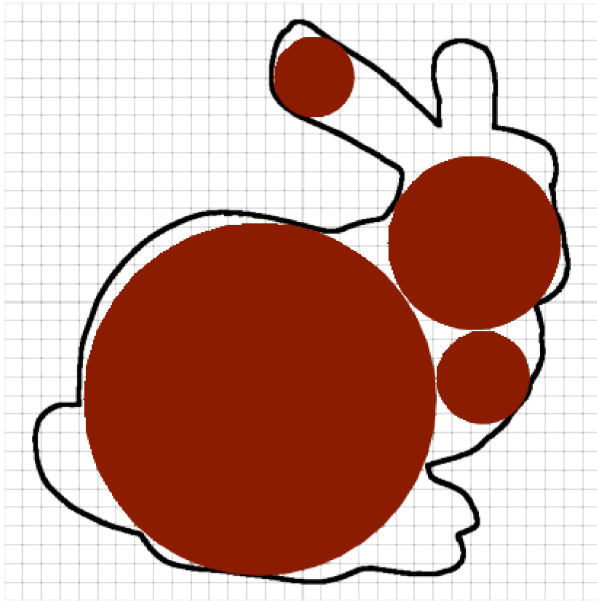




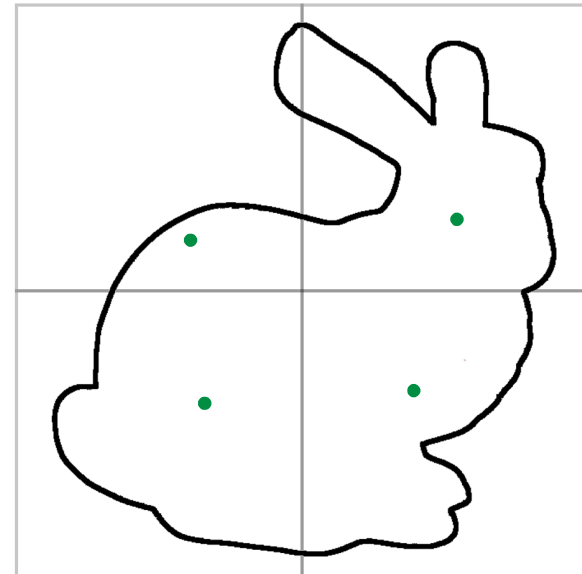
# Explicit Grid Refinement



Good performance when  
splitting to very fine grids  
at the end



Many triangle-to-point-tests for  
one prototype at the start

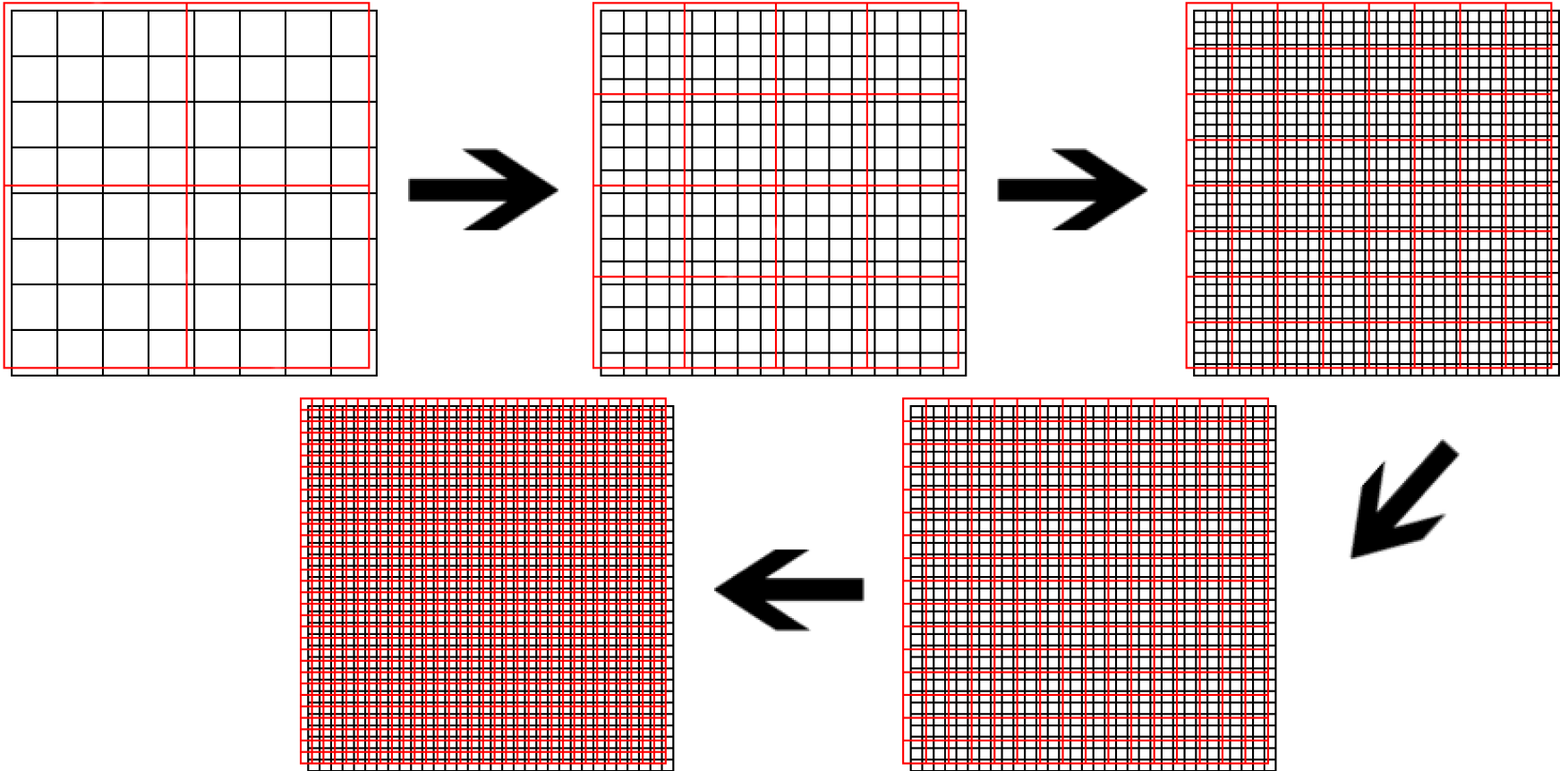




# Hybrid Grid

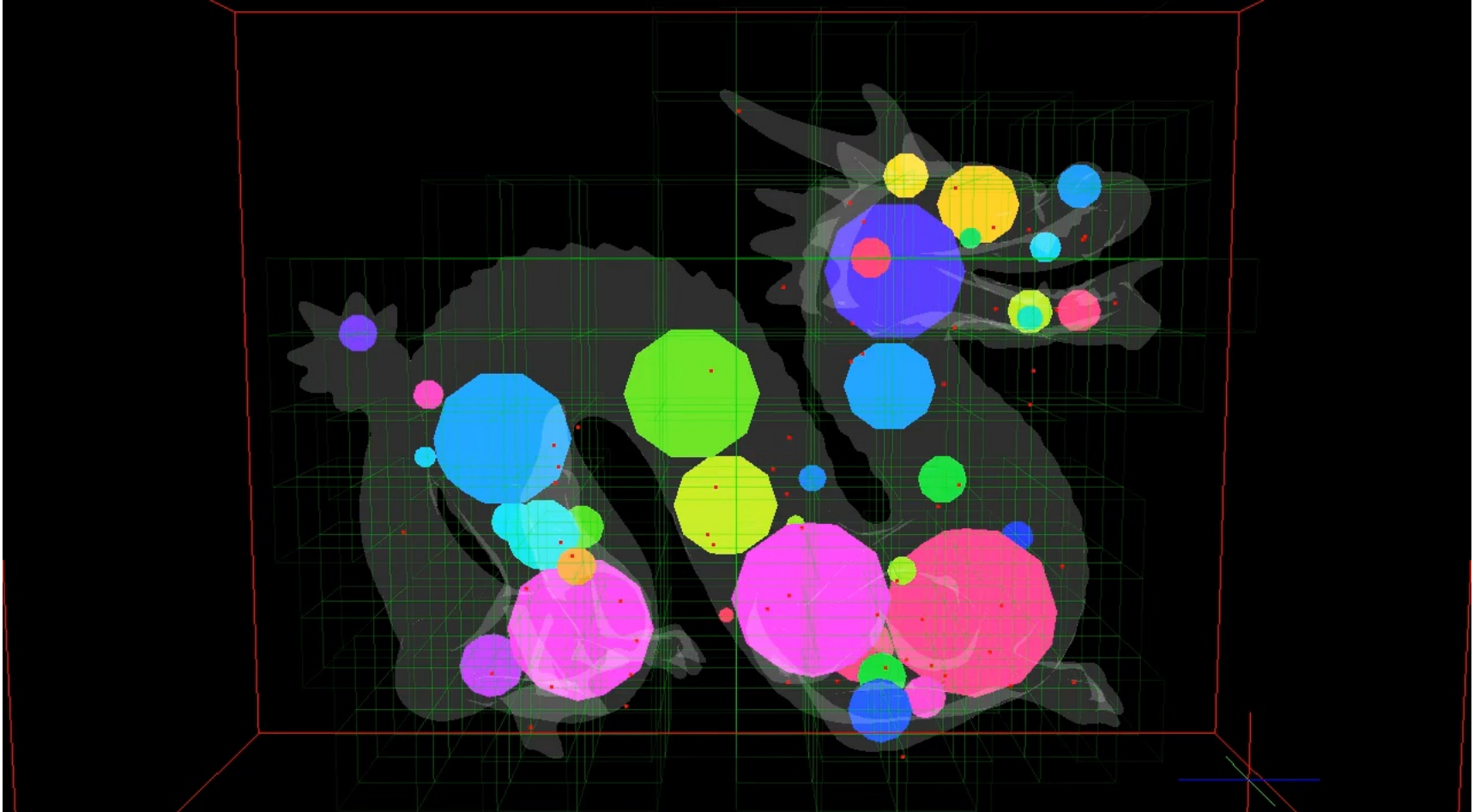


- Combines the explicit and implicit grid refinements





# Demonstration







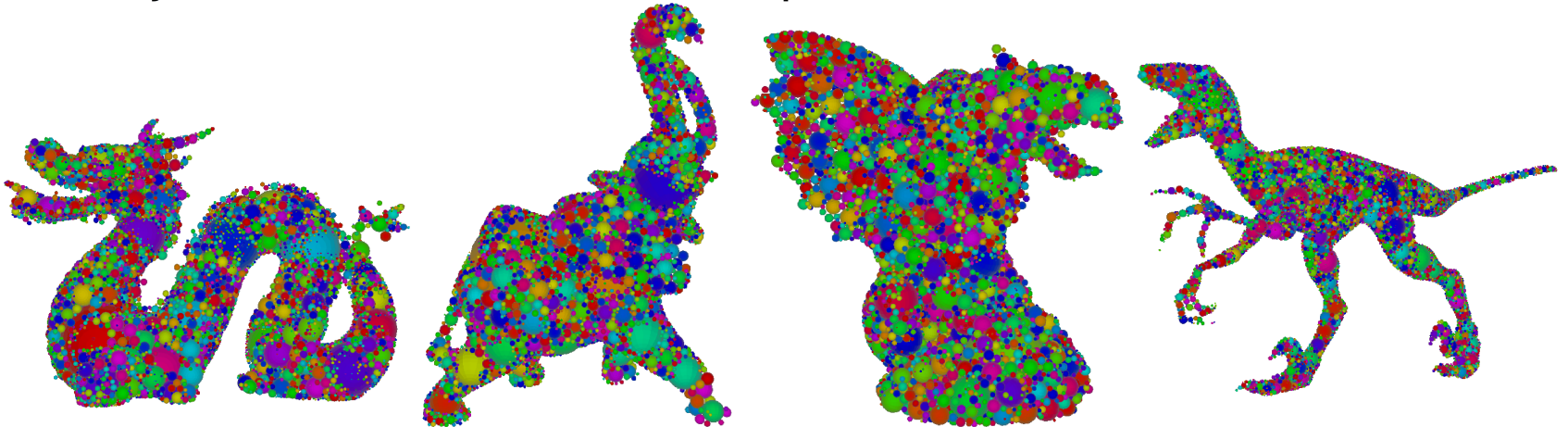
# Results



- Objects used: (up to 800k triangles)

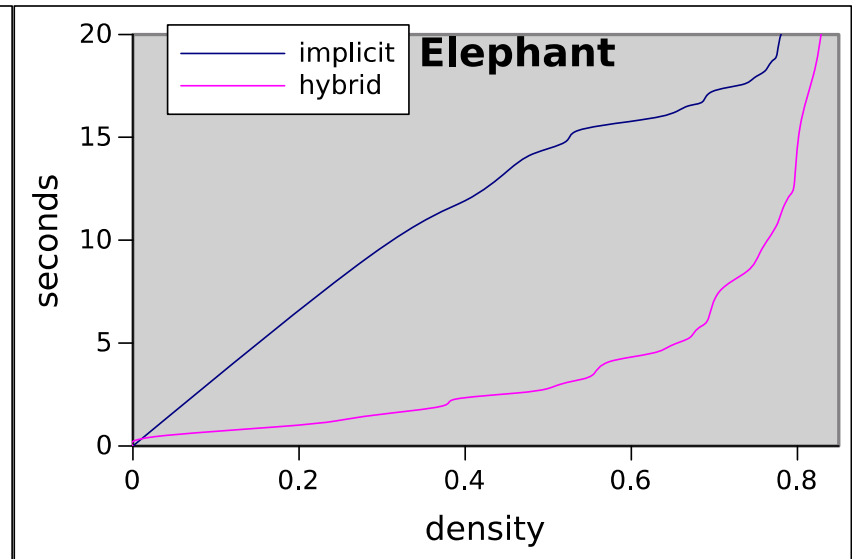
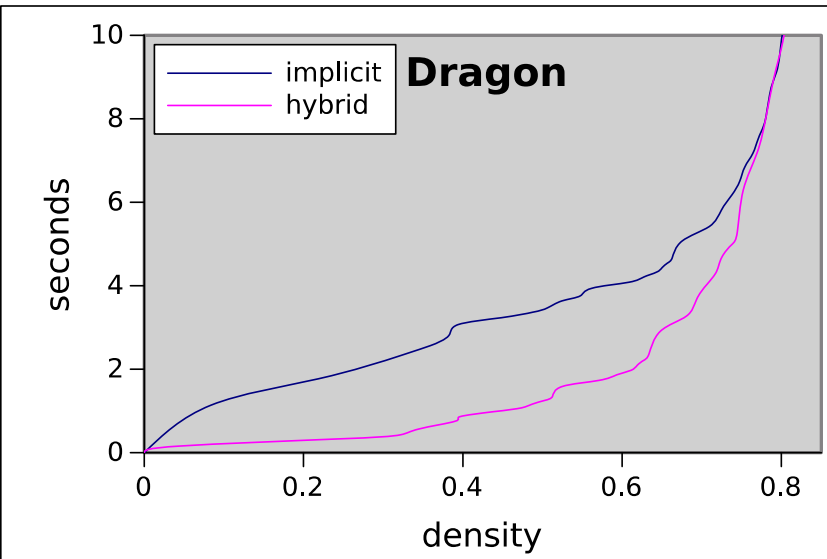
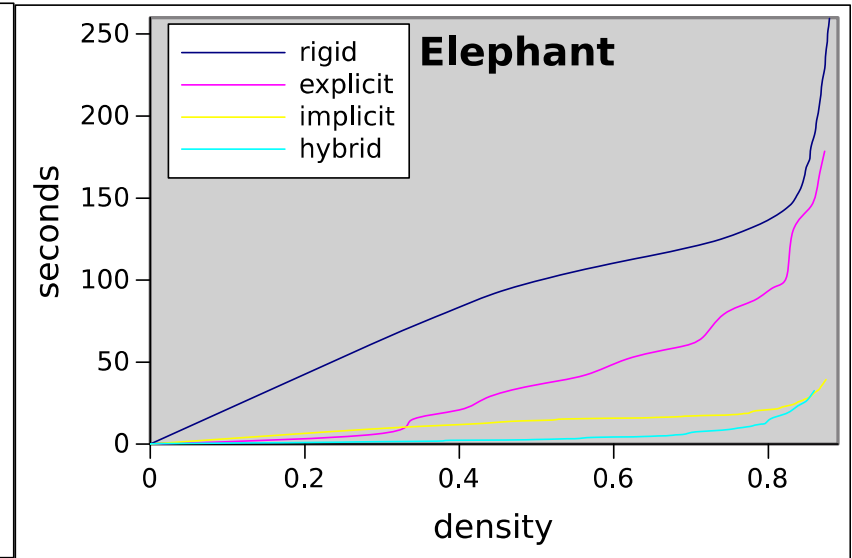
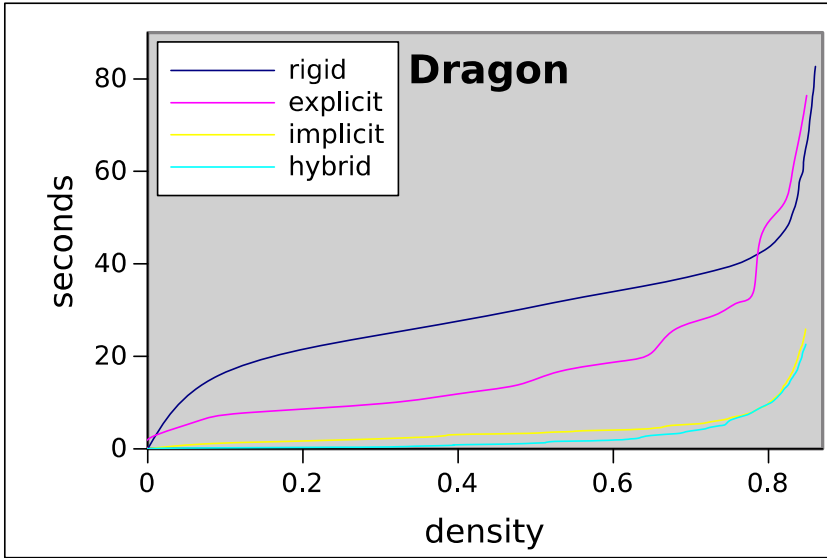


- Objects filled: (about 200k spheres)





# Results





# Conclusion and Future Works



- Hybrid Grid is 100 times faster than Protosphere
- 200,000 spheres and 95% coverage in ~30 seconds
- 80% coverage in less than 10 seconds
- First iteration in near real-time (~0.05 seconds)
- Optimal parameter guessing based on object
- More object representations
- Testing more grid-like data structures

